



WAVESTONE

# Cloud for OT: Emerging trends

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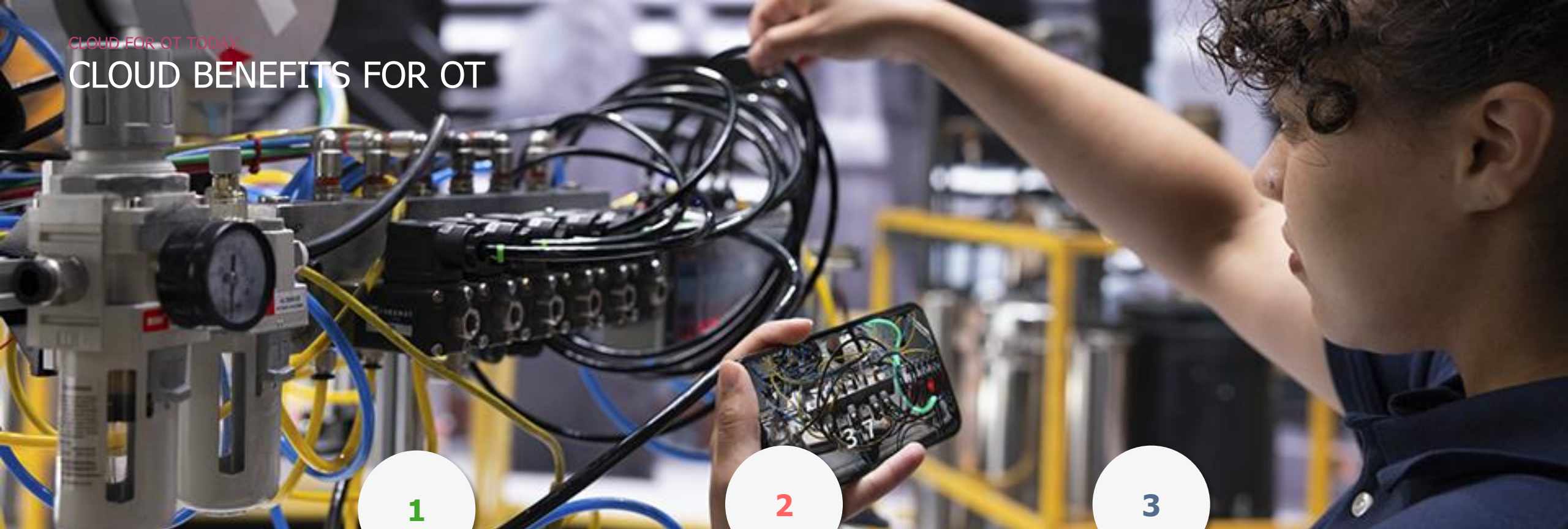


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# AGENDA

- / **01** Cloud for OT today
- / **02** Emerging SaaS solutions for OT
- / **03** Move to SaaS: New strategic approach
- / **04** Focus on standards and regulations
- / **05** Key takeaways

# CLOUD BENEFITS FOR OT



1

## High availability

Cloud environments are **redundant by design** and CSPs offer **high SLAs**.

2

## Large scalability

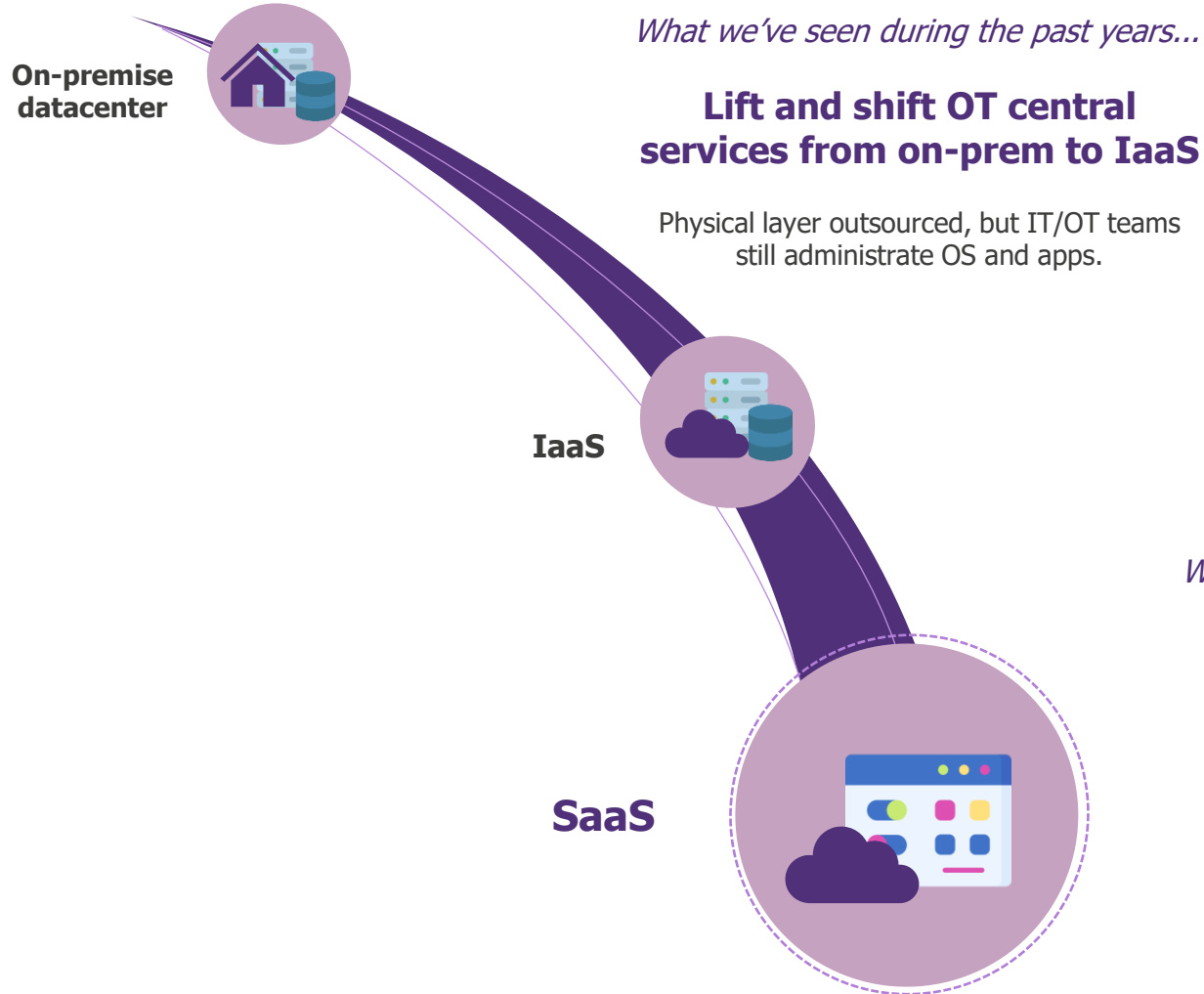
Cloud environments allow to **mutualize global services** for multiple sites located in **wide geographical areas**.

3

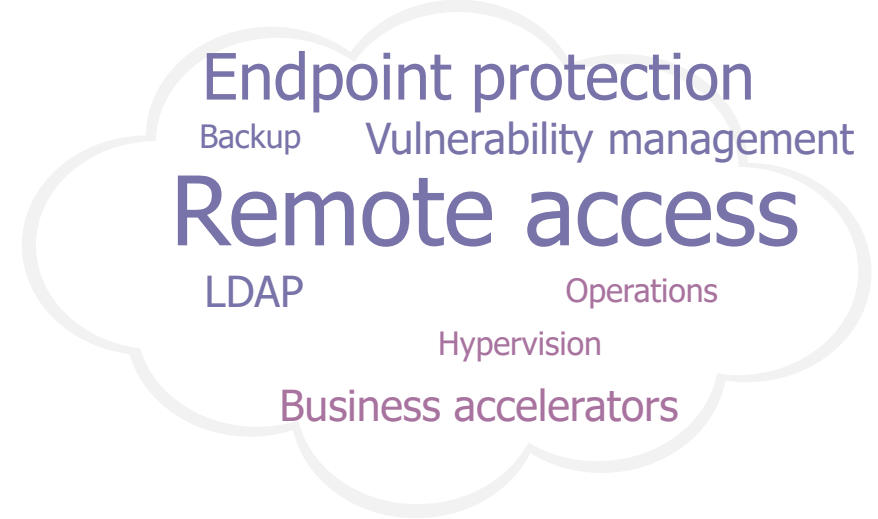
## Optimization

Through more efficient **production planning tools**, **predictive maintenance** and **cloud-based supply chain management**, oftentimes AI enabled and provided by CSPs.

# CLOUD FOR OT IS NOT A NEW THING



*Main usages among few PIC clients using Cloud services (IaaS)*



*What is coming now...*

## Move OT applications and services to SaaS?

SaaS applications **offer new services** for business.

What risks and opportunities for business and cybersecurity?



# OT SaaS SOLUTIONS ARE GROWING IN NUMBER

## Business applications

### Supervision and operations

Monitor the state of equipment and processes

**YOKOGAWA**  OpreX Asset Health Insights

**AVEVA** AVEVA PI System

 **CODESYS** CodeSys Automation Server

**Seeq** Seeq


### Optimization

Analyze data to identify inefficiencies and improvement

 **Rockwell Automation** FactoryTalk Optimix

**Honeywell** Forge Performance

 **Schneider Electric** EcoStruxure Asset Advisor

 **inhand** InConnect Service

 **TrendMiner** TrendMiner

**secomea** Data Collection Cloud

 **EMERSON** Plantweb Optics Data Lake

## Infrastructure services

### Remote access

Connect and control processes remotely

 **DISPEL** Zero Trust Access

 **Systancia** Cleanroom

**Delinea** Delinea PAM

 **PHOENIX CONTACT** mGuard Secure Cloud

**wallix** Remote Access

### Backup

Copy and secure storage of critical data


 **ALTA** Backup as a Service

**Acronis** Acronis Cyber Backup Cloud

### Vulnerability management


Assess and mitigate emerging threats

 **DRAGOS** Dragos Platform

 **SKYBOX SECURITY** Vulnerability Control

### Network detection

Analyze network traffic to identify anomalies

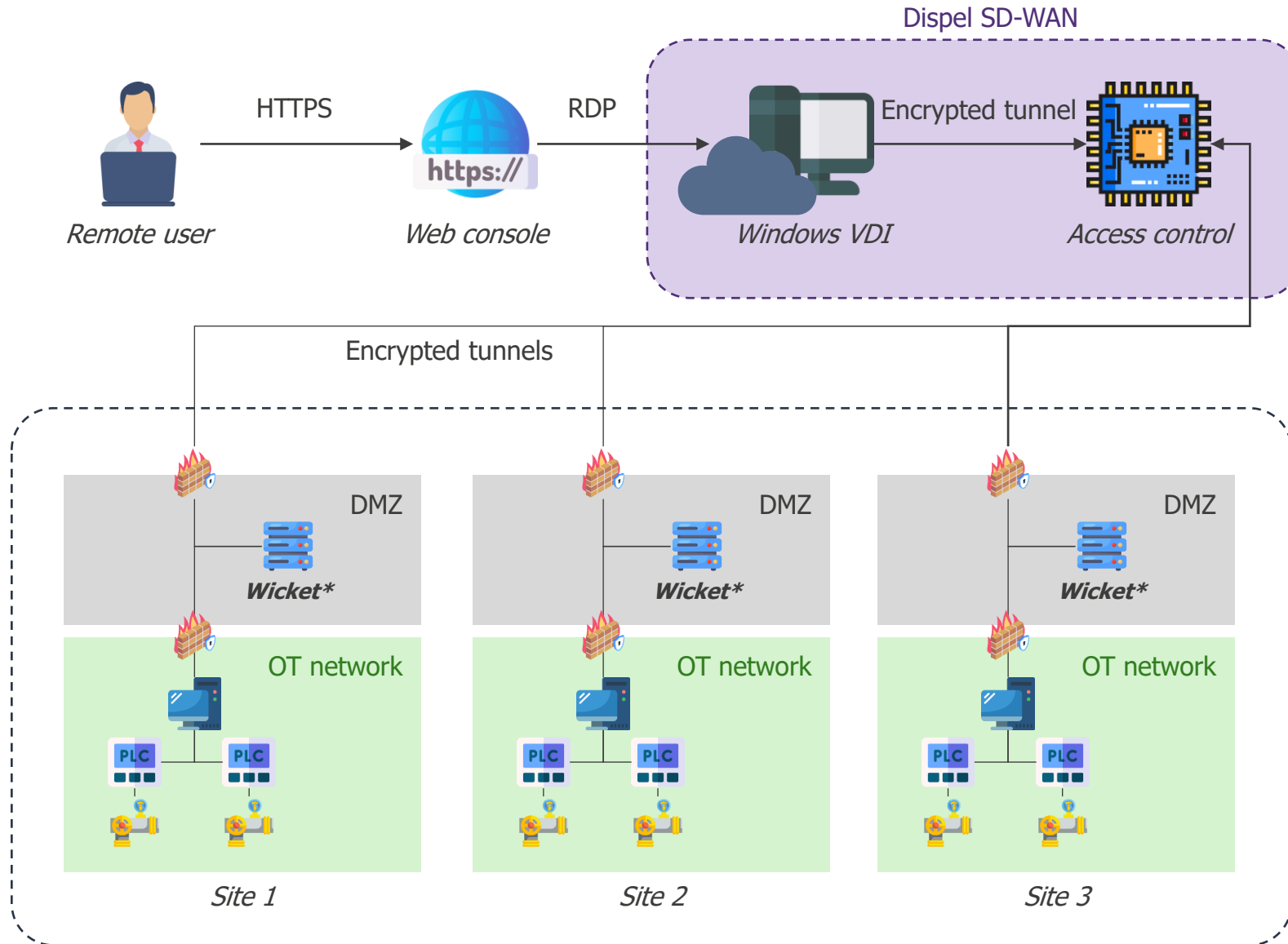
 **NOZOMI NETWORKS** Nozomi Vantage

 **Microsoft** Defender for IoT

 **CISCO** Cisco Umbrella

 **paloalto NETWORKS** Palo Alto Prisma

# QUICK FOCUS ON DISPEL ZERO TRUST ACCESS



\*Wickets can be mutualized

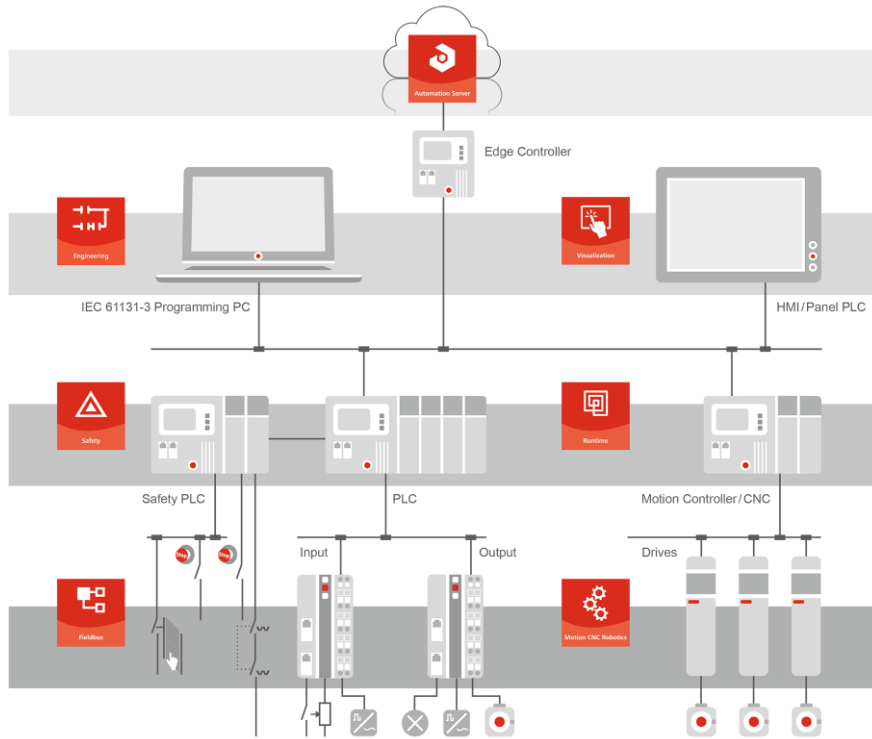
Dispel offers an **“almost full SaaS” remote access solution.**

The wicket is the **only component** to be deployed and maintained on-premise.

This gateway permits to keep control of the connections with the SaaS, **in line with the DMZ purpose.**

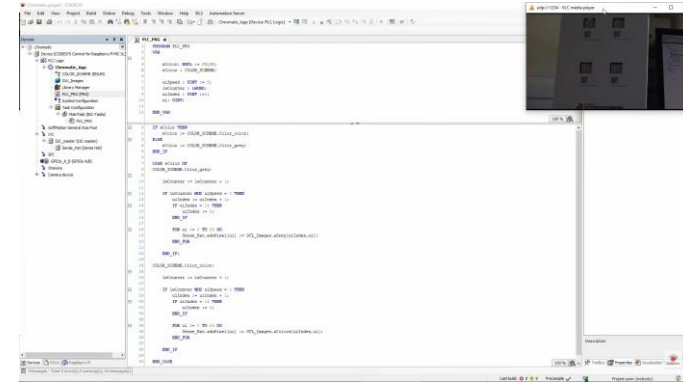
# QUICK FOCUS ON CODESYS AUTOMATION SERVER

CODESYS Automation Server is a **SaaS solution**, connected to an on-premise Edge Gateway, aiming to **perform remote operations**.

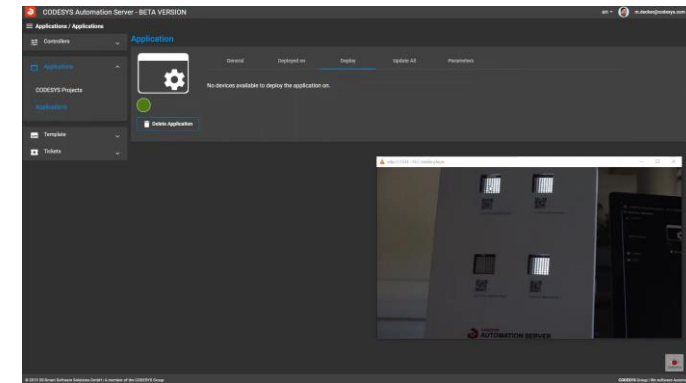


Source: [The System \(codesys.com\)](https://www.codesys.com)

An operator can **upload a PLC program** on the web console...



...and **deploy it remotely** on the PLC:



Source: [Webinar - CODESYS Automation Server \(EN\) \(youtube.com\)](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=...)

**SaaS solutions are more and more deployed in OT, it's a fact!**  
**OT cybersecurity teams must address them the right way**

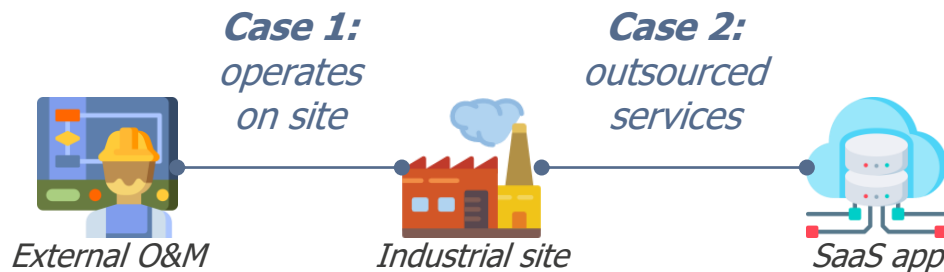
# SaaS FOR OT: CYBERSECURITY CHALLENGES



## 3<sup>RD</sup> PARTIES DEPENDENCIES

*SaaS applications are not "lift-and-shift"-friendly. Your dependence on suppliers increases – cybersecurity must be included into contracts.*

**No fundamental change with on-premise services operated or maintained by external companies:**

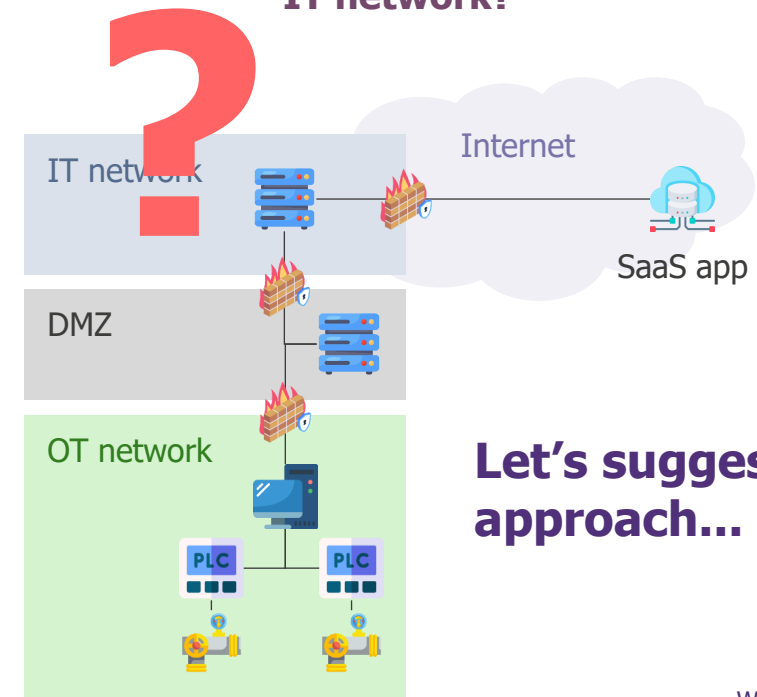


**Both rely on external expertise!**

## INCREASED CONNECTIVITY

*OT SaaS must be considered as OT environment and be segregated from other environment.*

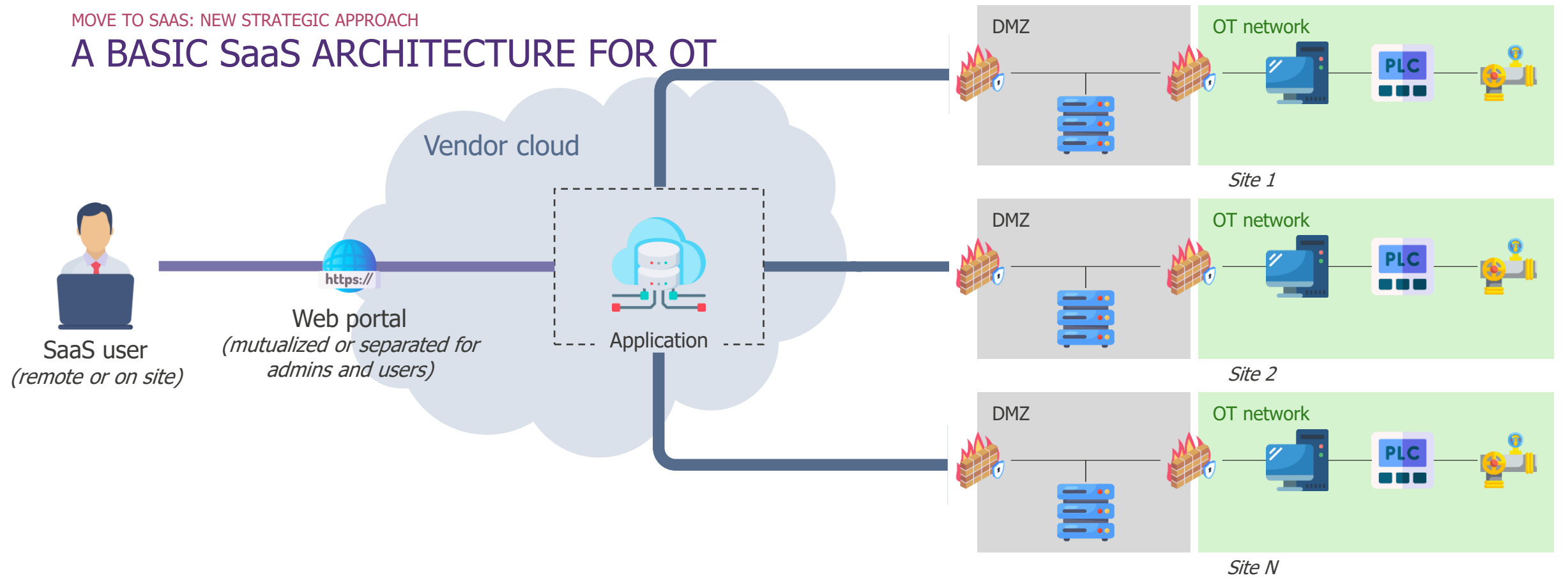
**Should your SaaS-OT connection go through your IT network?**



**Let's suggest another approach...**

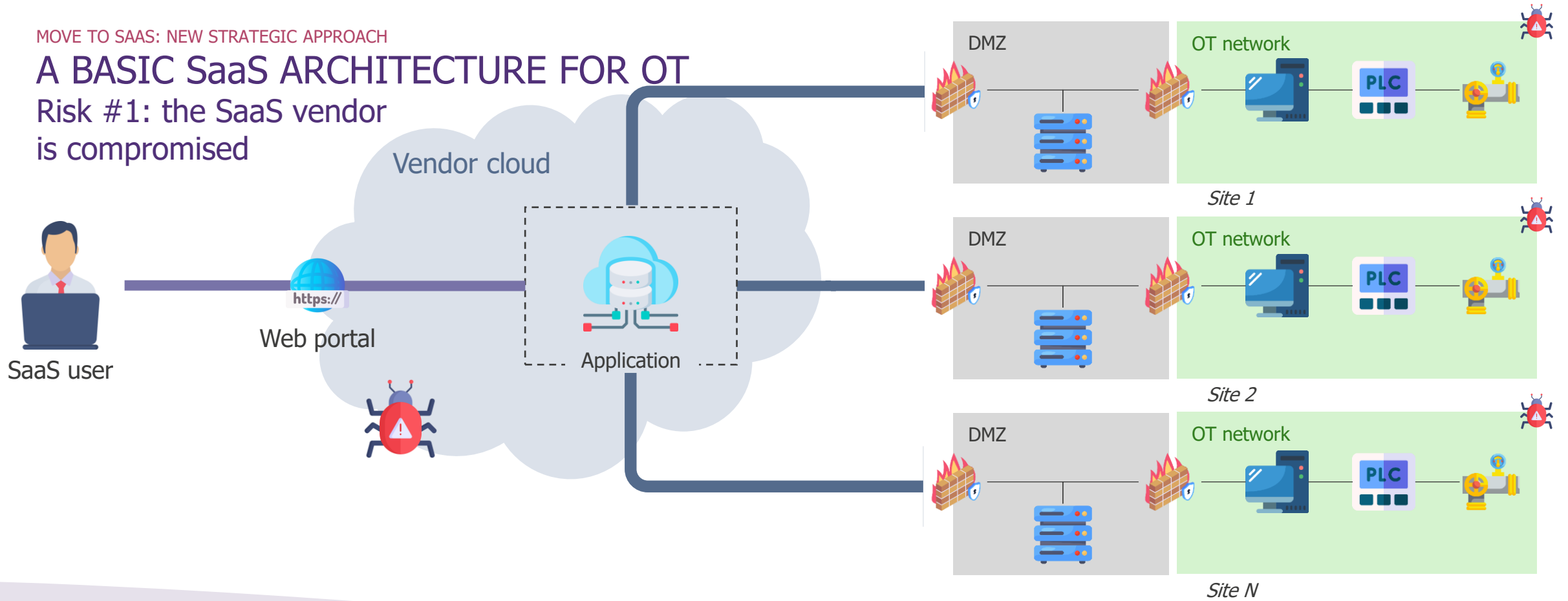


# A BASIC SaaS ARCHITECTURE FOR OT



# A BASIC SaaS ARCHITECTURE FOR OT

Risk #1: the SaaS vendor is compromised



## Reconnaissance

- Audit your vendors and request certifications



## Intrusion

- Include IRP clauses for incident notification
- Vendor must conduct network detection



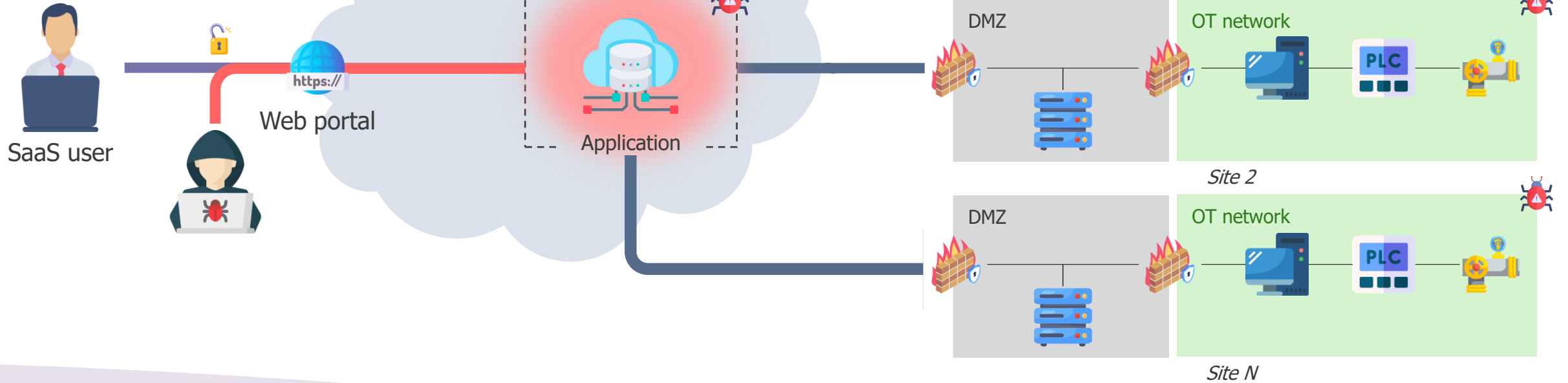
## Exploitation / Lateralization

- Ensure SaaS/Site connections are initiated by sites
- Maintain this critical relay
- Collaborate on IRP between provider and client
- Ensure the SaaS provider has DRP
- Plan downgraded operational modes



# A BASIC SaaS ARCHITECTURE FOR OT

Risk #2: the SaaS application is compromised due to misconfiguration



## Reconnaissance

- Restrict admin web console access to trusted devices (PAW)

## Intrusion

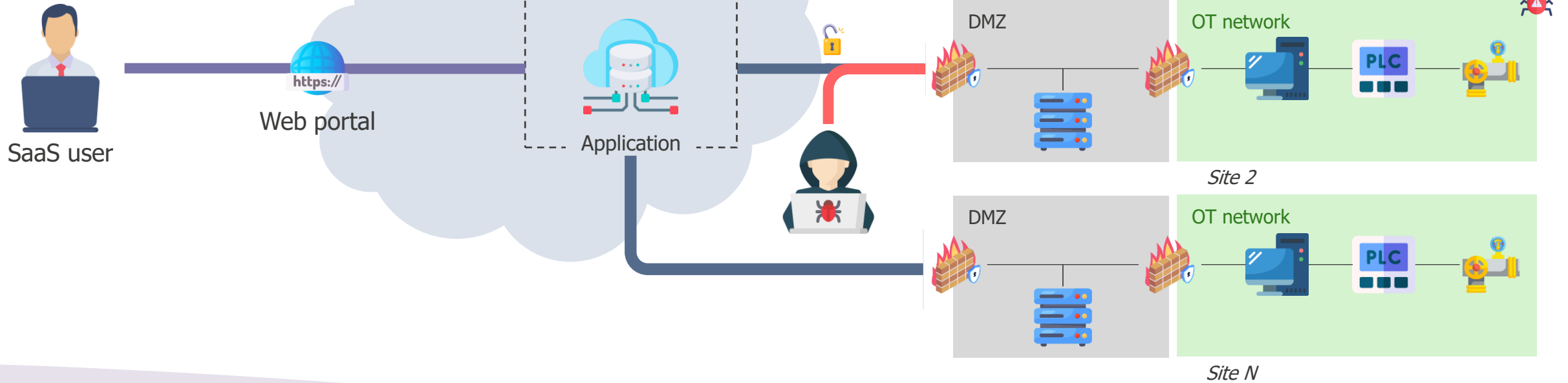
- Implement robust authentication mechanisms (MFA) and segregate IT and OT accounts
- Provide training for administrators to prevent misconfigurations
- Include IRP clauses for incident notification
- Identify and monitor all external connections (H2M, M2M)

## Exploitation / Lateralization

- Implement RBAC model
- Implement fine-grained delegation
- Collaborate on IRP between provider and client
- Ensure SaaS provider has a defined DRP
- Ensure SaaS/Site connections are initiated by sites
- Maintain this critical relay
- Plan downgraded operational modes.

# A BASIC SaaS ARCHITECTURE FOR OT

## Risk #3: Man-in-the-Middle attack



### Reconnaissance

- Encrypt network flows



### Intrusion

- Identify and monitor external connections (allowlisting)
- Provide training for administrators to prevent misconfigurations (firewalls, etc.)



### Exploitation / Lateralization

- Ensure SaaS/Site connections are initiated by sites
- Maintain this critical relay
- Develop an incident response plan
- Plan downgraded operational modes



# OT NETWORKS ARE MORE AND MORE CONNECTED

Network isolation is not the main countermeasure anymore

## SELECT YOUR VENDORS

- > Take cybersecurity into consideration in RFPs
- > Audit your vendors and request certifications (SecNumCloud, ...)

**THE CLIENT IS IN CHARGE**

## SECURE YOUR ARCHITECTURE AND TRAIN YOUR ADMINS

- > Identify and monitor your external connections (H2M, M2M)
- > Train your admins to avoid misconfigurations
- > Ensure SaaS/Site connections are initiated by sites
- > Encrypt data in transit

## FOCUS ON IAM

- > Implement strong authentication mechanism (MFA)
- > Segregate IT and OT accounts / IdP
- > Implement an RBAC model and a fine-grained rights delegation model

**THE SOLUTION OFFERS THE FUNCTIONALITIES  
THE CLIENT IS IN CHARGE OF  
CONFIGURATION**

## PREPARE YOUR INCIDENT RESPONSE

- > Ensure your SaaS vendors have mature detect, response and recovery capabilities
- > Set up dedicated channel between SOCs
- > Set up network detection on site
- > Plan downgraded modes for critical functions

**THE CLIENT AND THE PROVIDER  
WORK HAND IN HAND**

# CLOUD SECURITY STANDARDS

*Current existing standards are not dedicated to OT environments and may require some tailoring to take into account OT specific business and security constraints*



## SecNumCloud

Developed by **ANSSI**.

Offers a set of **security rules** to follow guaranteeing a high level of requirements from a **technical, operational or legal** point of view.

**All types of cloud service providers are eligible** for qualification: software as a service (SaaS), platform as a service (PaaS), container as a service (CaaS), and infrastructure as a service (IaaS).



## NIST 800-144

Security and Privacy Guidelines in Public Cloud Computing : provides an in-depth overview of security and privacy challenges in cloud computing and offers suggestions on how today's companies can overcome them.

NIST Cloud Computing Program (NCCP) : a **cloud security framework** – a blueprint that defines the way in which a cloud infrastructure should be built.



The **NCSC** has published new guidance on **cloud-hosted Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA)**, to help organizations identify some of the key considerations required before deciding on migrating SCADA to the cloud.



# WHAT FUTURE FOR THE CLOUD AND EUROPE'S TECHNOLOGICAL INDEPENDENCE?



**EU  
REGULATIONS  
IN THE WORKS**

This is what is currently being played out in Brussels during negotiations on the **EUCS (European Union Cybersecurity Certification Scheme for Cloud Services)**, which must define the certification scheme for Cloud services in Europe and which is none other than the European adaptation of the famous French SecNumCloud. The law which will define the requirements, in terms of cybersecurity, between the different members of the EU in the cloud.

The EU plans to compile a set of rules, in the form of an **EU Cloud Rulebook** and a Guidance on public procurement of data processing services. The Rulebook will provide a single European framework relevant binding and non-binding rules for cloud service users and providers in Europe.

# KEY TAKEAWAYS



## SaaS solutions are growing – OT does not escape the rule

SaaS offers huge advantages for business, no doubt about it. OT cybersecurity teams must address these new usages with the right approach.



## Network isolation is not the main countermeasure anymore

OT networks are more and more connected – select your vendors, secure your architecture, train your admins, focus on IAM and prepare your incident response.



## Some industrial sectors are more likely to deploy cloud solutions

Sectors such as logistics (warehouses, distribution centers, ...) are already highly connected with external services. Also, renewable companies often have a large number of sites, located in wide geographical areas, with less than one FTE per site, for which mutualized services are a huge added value. However, cloud solutions might not fit all sectors, especially regulated one.



## SaaS usage can also be an opportunity for cybersecurity

Moving business applications to SaaS might offer security measures that were neglected before, especially for IAM (MFA, RBAC, nominative accounts, ...).


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